



Lecture #9, Part 3

Course Information

1. Course Description

A study of the persons of The Father, The Son and The Holy Spirit and their unified teaching of the doctrines of the Bible.

Survey of the Doctrines of the Bible

IV-The Doctrine of the Holy Spirit

1-Personality of the Holy Spirit	John 16:13
2-Deity of the Holy Spirit	Matt. 28:19
3-Procession of the Holy Spirit	John 15:26
4-Holy Spirit in Creation	Gen. 1:2-5
5-Conviction of the Holy Spirit	John 16:8
6-Restraining Ministry of the Holy Spirit	2 Thess. 2:7
7-Comforter	John 14:16
8-Indwelling of the Holy Spirit	John 7:39
9-Baptism of the Holy Spirit	1 Cor. 12:13
10-Sealing of the Holy Spirit	Eph. 1:3
11-Sign Gifts	Heb. 2:4
12-Serving Gifts	1 Cor. 7:7
13-Fullness of the Holy Spirit	Eph. 5:18
14-Anointing	1 John 2:27
15-Outpouring of the Holy Spirit	Acts 2:17
16-Fruit of the Spirit	Gal. 5:22-23
17-Sanctification	Phil. 1:6
18-Sins against the Holy Spirit	Matt. 12:31-32

Introduction to Doctrinal Footnotes

These theological footnotes are divided into three sections **(1) explanation**, **(2) illustration**, and **(3) application**. When you have absorbed all the notes within one topic area, you will have completed a total survey of that doctrine.

IV-The Doctrine of the Holy Spirit

12-Serving Gifts

1 Cor. 7:7

Explanation: A spiritual gift is a sovereignly given ability to minister to others in the power of God, with an evident manifestation of the Holy Spirit through the Christians as he serves God. Such gifts are sometimes identified as enabling and task and task gifts. The enabling gifts of the Spirit are given to all Christians and include faith (**Rom. 1:11; 1 Cor. 12:9**), knowledge (**1 Cor. 12:8**), wisdom (**1 Cor. 12:8**), and discernment (**1 Cor. 12:10**). These gifts help the believer to use his specific task gifts. These motivational gifts include prophecy (**Rom. 12:6; 1 Cor. 14:3**), teaching (**Rom. 12:7**), exhortation (**Rom. 12:8**), shepherding (**Eph. 4:11**), showing mercy (**Rom. 12:8**), ministering (**Rom. 12:7**),



Lecture #9, Part 3

helping (**1 Cor. 12:28**), giving (**Rom. 12:8**), ruling (**Rom. 12:8**), governing (**1 Cor. 12:28**), evangelism (**Eph. 4:11**), and hospitality (**1 Peter 4:9**). Some would add to this list martyrdom (**1 Cor. 13:3**) and celibacy (**Matt. 19:11-12**). Every Christian has at least one spiritual gift (**1 Cor. 7:7**) and may have more. The apostle Paul apparently had and exercised every spiritual gift.

Application: Christians should use their gifts to serve God in some area of ministry that calls for the gift(s) they possess.

13-Fullness of the Holy Spirit

Eph. 5:18

Explanation: The words be filled here mean “*be continually filled,*” emphasizing that the fullness of the Spirit is a repeated experience for believers. When a person is drunk with an alcoholic beverage, his walk, talk, and sight are controlled by alcohol. God desires that the minds of Christians be controlled by the Holy Spirit so that they will walk in the Spirit, speak on behalf of God, and understand the things of God. Because people are indwelt by the Holy Spirit at salvation, they do not need to get more of the Holy Spirit, but the filling of the Spirit occurs when the Holy Spirit gets more of the believer.

Illustration: As we establish our fellowship with God through confession of sins (**1 John 1:9**) and yield to Him (**Rom. 6:13**), we can be filled with the Spirit if that is our desire (**Matt. 5:6**) and prayer (**Luke 11:13**).

Application: Every Christian should be filled with the Spirit in order that he may have God’s power to serve Him (**Acts 1:8**).